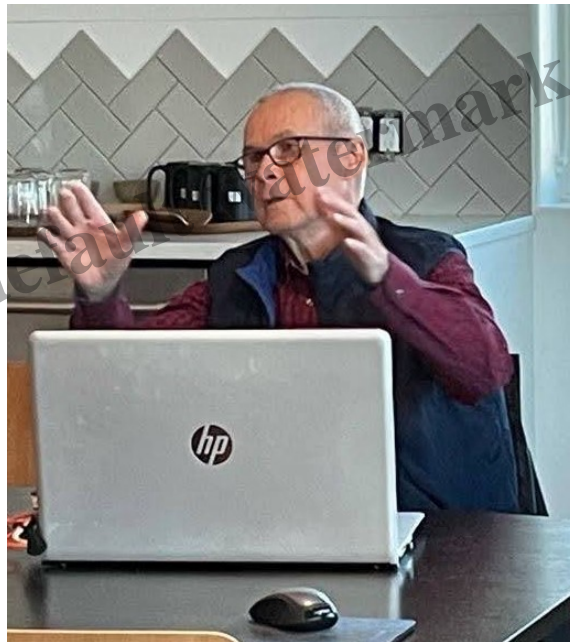




## The Important Role of Local Government: Opportunities to Exploit

### Description



Edgar Blatchford, a born-again Democrat, spoke to EaglExit recently about how local government can be formed or changed and opportunities to consider.

(Photo by Waneta Borden)

**It's a mean world. Big fish eat little fish and bullies often get their way. Russian traders came to Alaska to enslave the Natives and decimate bountiful fur seals and sea otters. Nobody could stop them. When Alaska was purchased by the United States in 1867, it was to realize Alaska's resource bounty.**

**Alaska became inhabited primarily by westerners and before long they wanted statehood—to have control over the conclusion of Manifest Destiny.[1]**

*From the time Alaska became a territory in 1914 to the time it became a state in 1959 the big corporations that paid nothing to the people of Alaska exercised control, explained University of Alaska Professor **Edgar Blatchford**, April 13, 2021, speaking to a group of people involved with the effort to detach Assembly District 2 (AD2) from Anchorage. *With statehood we said we wanted the power to tax if we needed to tax rather than development interests paying nothing for what they took.**

In other words, standing up to Local Government special interest bullies.

**Blatchford is an authority on Alaska local government, having served as Commissioner of the Department of Community and Regional Affairs under two governors back when he was a Republican. He was born in Nome and began his political career as Mayor of Seward.[2]**



**Check out the EagleExit webpage: [EagleExit.com](http://EagleExit.com)**

From the Alaska Constitution:

## **Section 2. Source of Government**

All political power is inherent in the people. All government originates with the people, is founded upon their will only, and is instituted solely for the good of the people as a whole.

*The whole idea of local government is to control, explained Blatchford. And the Alaska Constitution provides for "maximum local autonomy".*

## **Article X, Section 1. Purpose and Construction**

The purpose of this article is to provide for maximum local self-government with a minimum of local government units, and to prevent duplication of tax-levying jurisdictions. A liberal construction shall be given to the powers of local government units.

During this freewheeling discussion last month, Blatchford cited a number of instances where communities established Borough governments or worked to opt out of local governments they no longer wanted to be part of. This change was possible through the **Local Boundary Commission**, which is also established in the **Alaska Constitution**:



## Article X, Section 12. Boundaries

A local boundary commission or board shall be established by law in the executive branch of the state government. The commission or board may consider any proposed local government boundary change. It may present proposed changes to the legislature during the first ten days of any regular session. The change shall become effective forty-five days after presentation or at the end of the session, whichever is earlier, unless disapproved by a resolution concurred in by a majority of the members of each house. The commission or board, subject to law, may establish procedure whereby boundaries may be adjusted by local action.

**And, sometimes local government is established to protect against other governments.**

Blatchford explained that the first mayor of the Denali Borough was **Johnny Gonzales**, who played the guitar and sang. He was in the *Alaska Legislature* and talked to the commissioner about the situation in his district. When Gonzales was a representative he realized constituents of that area didn't want Fairbanks or Mat-Su governments to tell them what to do. The solution was to create a government.

That was unpopular because these people don't like borough government. That would likely mean they would have to pay taxes.



John Gonzales was a legislator who became the first mayor of the **Denali Borough**.


I asked him: “What do you think will happen if **Fairbanks North Star Borough** or **Mat-Su Borough** annexes you? explained Blatchford. They will get that revenue from those hotels around **Denali National Park**. So, who pays to stay in those hotels?—mostly people from the lower 48, or around the world.”

Further, it is important to consider what kind of government a community might want; perhaps a local government that protects the local people from what they don’t want?

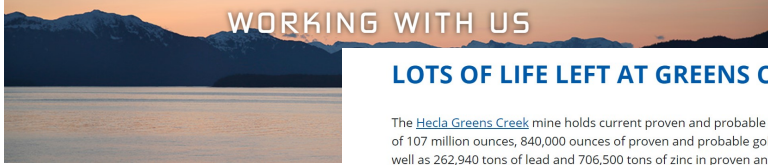
The people went ahead and formed a local borough, the **Denali Borough**, and they are doing well, continued Blatchford. When any government wants to deal with something going on in this area they have to go the local mayor, who is elected by the people. If somebody comes from Washington DC or anyplace else, they pay their respects to the local government. That’s basically what you want.

## There are other reasons to form a local government as well.

While the capital city of Juneau was founded by mining interests in a place no Alaska Native village was ever established, the community today refuses to even consider reopening the vast network of mineshafts in the city, and at Douglas Island, to further resource development using modern techniques. Efforts to do so have been tried and failed, but the **City and Borough of Juneau** did something a shark would do—it claimed the area where the nearby **Hecla Greens Creek Mine** was built solely for nutritional revenue.



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## WORKING WITH US

### LOTS OF LIFE LEFT AT GREENS CREEK

The [Hecla Greens Creek](#) mine holds current proven and probable silver reserves of 107 million ounces, 840,000 ounces of proven and probable gold reserves, as well as 262,940 tons of lead and 706,500 tons of zinc in proven and probable reserves.

The Greens Creek property includes 17 patented lode claims and one patented mill site claim, in addition to property leased from the U.S. Forest Service. Greens Creek also has title to mineral rights on approximately 7,500 acres of federal land adjacent to the properties. Total property package encompasses 23-square miles. The entire project is accessed by boat and served by 13 miles of road.


Major facilities include the subsurface mine, an ore concentrating mill, a dry stacked tailings facility, a ship-loading facility, camp facilities and a ferry dock.

The mine began production in 1989 and today operates 24-hours a day, 365 days a year.

In 2018, Greens Creek Mine produced approximately 7,953,003 ounces of silver, 51,493 ounces of gold, 55,350 tons of zinc and 18,960 tons of lead. The mine is 100 percent owned by Hecla Mining Company and its subsidiaries.


Here's a short video on [the mine and its operations](#).

### ABOUT HECLA MINING COMPANY

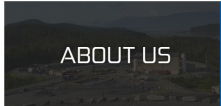


Established in 1891, [Hecla Mining Company](#) is headquartered in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and has a sister office in Vancouver, B.C. The company's common stock has been traded on the New York Stock Exchange for over 50 years.


[Hecla](#) currently produces silver from three silver mines, Greens Creek, Lucky Friday and San Sebastian, and gold from the Casa Berardi gold mine.




#### WORKING WITH US




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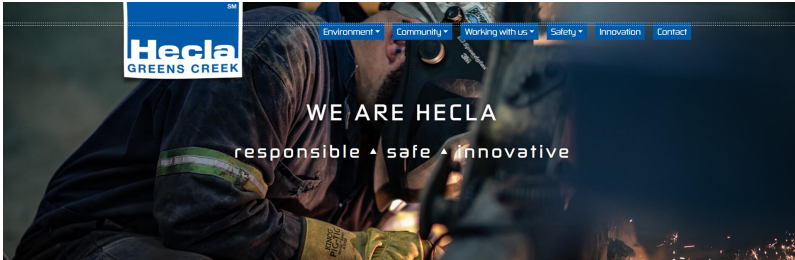


#### MINING MATTERS

*I was commissioner when that happened, continued Blatchford. I believed local people in the villages around that mine should have formed their own borough so they would have a very healthy tax base and control over that development.*



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## WE ARE HECLA

responsible • safe • innovative


### Greens Creek files plan to expand tailings disposal facility

### FIRMLY FOCUSED ON SAFETY


At Hecla Greens Creek, virtually everything we do is designed to care for and protect our very special part of Alaska – and the people who live nearby. We are one of the world's largest silver mines, located on Admiralty Island in Southeast Alaska, about 18 miles southwest of Juneau and 40 miles north of Angoon.

We are the only mine in the U.S. allowed to operate inside a federally protected natural monument, which means our safety and environmental record must be among the best in the world.


Hecla Greens Creek's safety and environmental record is one of the best in the world.




We Protect Our Employees



We Lead by Example



We Safeguard the Environment



We Partner with Our Communities

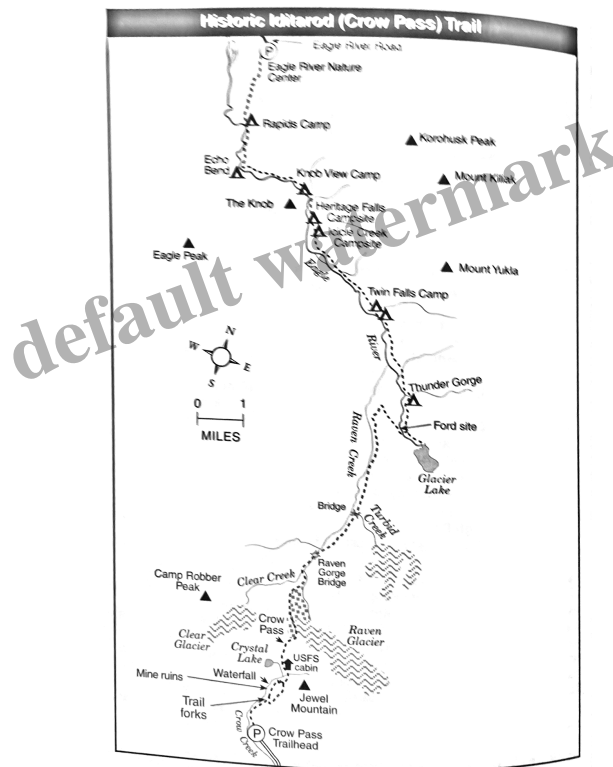


<https://www.heclagreenscreek.com/>

**Blatchford saw it through an economic development lens.**

*With all due respect to my fellow Native Alaskans, these people were more interested in **tribal government**, continued Blatchford. The problem is tribal governments cannot tax– they don't have planning and zoning powers so critical to economic development. They have no bonding powers to raise revenues to build a port or transportation infrastructure.*

**For EagleExit, forming a local government for AD2 is a different challenge. Those who support it must prove this is a distinct community independent of Anchorage to the Local Boundary Commission. It has been done before in Alaska and EagleExit is actively moving ahead on multiple levels with a plan the people will ultimately decide on.**



A map of the Historic Iditarod (Crow Pass) Trail with exaggerated curvature of the earth.[3]

Blatchford offered this perspective: *Eagle River is historic and separate from Anchorage from a time when there was no Anchorage. The **Iditarod Trail** comes from Seward through Girdwood and on to Eagle River over the Crow Pass Trail. I have run it myself in past marathons several times; historically, you couldn't get around Turnagain Arm because it was all cliffs, so you had to go over the mountain pass.*

**They had to blast through a road around Turnagain Arm from Anchorage, and they are still blasting it today.**

## References:

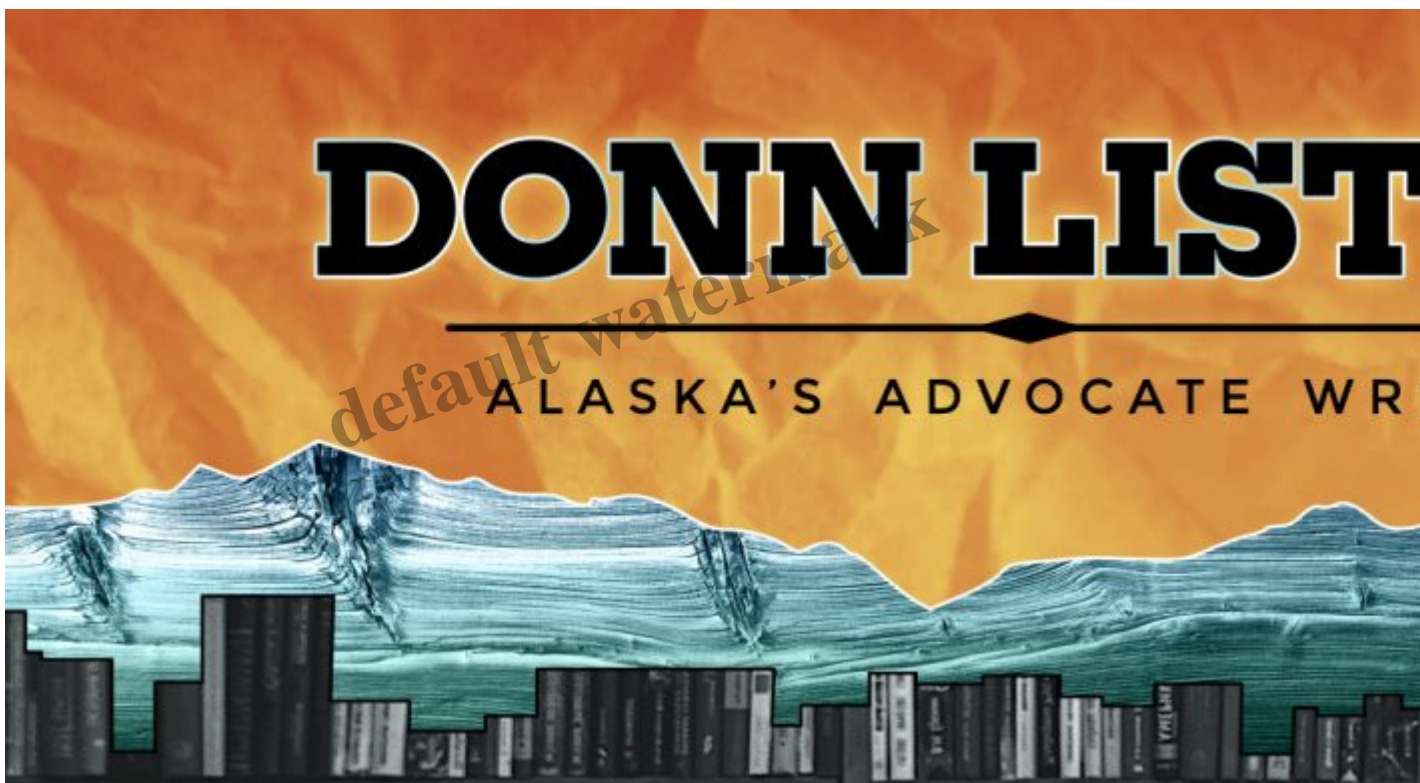
[1] Manifest destiny was a widely held cultural belief in the 19th-century United States that American settlers were destined to expand across North America.

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Manifest\\_destiny](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Manifest_destiny)

[2]Edgar Blatchford Bio

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Edgar\\_Blatchford](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Edgar_Blatchford)

[3] 50 Hikes in Alaska's Chugach State Park, Shane Shepherd & Owen Wozniak, Published by The Mountaineers Books, 1001 SW Klickitat Way, Suite 201, Seattle, WA 98134, First Printing 2001, P 178.



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